

2010 Scheme

Q.P. Code: 303001

Reg. no.:

Third Professional MBBS (Part I) Degree Supplementary Examinations February 2023

Community Medicine - Paper I

Time: 3 Hours

Total Marks: 60

- *Answer all questions to the point neatly and legibly • Do not leave any blank pages between answers • Indicate the question number correctly for the answer in the margin space*
- *Answer all parts of a single question together • Leave sufficient space between answers*
- *Draw diagrams wherever necessary*

Essay: (10)

1. You are the medical officer of a PHC. An Anganwadi worker of your area reported that a 2-year-old child is having a weight for height lower than -3 SD as per growth chart. There is history of recurrent respiratory infections present in the child.
 - a) Classify malnutrition and diagnose this child.
 - b) What measure you will take to manage the child
 - c) What preventive measures you will take to avoid such cases in your area. (2+3+5)

Problems: (2x5=10)

2. A couple having a child comes for family planning advice from you. What do you advise and mention the advantages and disadvantages of your advised methods.
3. An outbreak of gastroenteritis occurred in a religious annual festival. As medical officer you want to investigate the outbreak. Describe in detail regarding steps of investigation of this outbreak.

Short answer Question: (5x4=20)

4. Indicators of health
5. Measures of dispersion
6. Disease carrier
7. Mosquito control measures- methods with examples
8. Short term fluctuation of diseases

Differentiate between: (3x2=6)

9. Joint family and Nuclear family
10. Case control study and Cohort study
11. Natural ventilation and Mechanical ventilation

Substantiate your answer with reasons: (2x2=4)

12. Hypertension is an example of iceberg phenomenon of disease.
13. Problem families lag behind the rest of the community

List the following: (5x2=10)

14. Diseases transmitted by Mites
15. Uses of screening
16. Services provided for the pregnant woman under RCH program
17. Sanitation barriers for transmission of faecal-borne diseases
18. Benefits of ESI
